THE TRIPOLI AGREEMENT

FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF THE DIFFERENCES
BETWEEN
THE REPUBLIC OF CHAD
AND
THE REPUBLIC OF SUDAN

THE TRIPOLI AGREEMENT FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE REPUBLIC OF CHAD AND THE REPUBLIC OF SUDAN

At the end of the conference held at the summit in Tripoli on 08 February 2006 at the joint initiative of the Leader of the Revolution, High Permanent Peace Mediator within the CEN-SAD space, Brother MUAMMAR AL-KADDAFI and the current Chairman of the African Union, His Excellency Mr. Denis SASSOU N'GUESSO.

The Republic of Sudan, represented by His Excellency Mr. OMAR HASSAN EL BESHIR and

The Republic of Chad, represented by His Excellency Mr. IDRISS DEBY ITNO:

- Resolved to restore the climate of reciprocal confidence, good neighborliness as well as the links of friendship and concord between their respective peoples;
- Considering the provisions of the United Nations Charter;
- **Bearing in mind** the relevant provisions of the Constitutive Act of the African Union and those of the Treaty creating CEN-SAD;
- Responding to mediation calls and efforts of Leaders and Heads of State, especially during this conference at the summit in Tripoli for reconciliation and lasting peace between Chad and Sudan;

Hereinafter called "the Parties",

Agreed as follows:

Article 1:

The two Parties agree to work towards the restoration of a climate of confidence, good neighborliness and cooperation which have always existed between them.

Article 2:

The two Parties agree to scrupulously respect the provisions of the Constitutive Act of the African Union and those of the CEN-SAD Security Charter, which prescribe the non-interference in the internal affairs of other states and the peaceful resolution of differences.

Article 3:

The two Parties agree to prevent the use of their respective territories for subversive purposes directed against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of either of the Parties.

Article 4:

The two Parties agree with immediate effect to ban the presence and stay of rebel elements from the other Party's side on their respective territories.

Article 5:

Pursuant to the reestablishment of a climate of confidence and good neighborliness, the two Parties agree to work towards the normalization of their mutual diplomatic and consular relations.

Article 6:

The two parties agree to put an end to hostile media campaigns and to work in the spirit of fraternity and concord.

Article 7:

The two Parties agree to the establishment by the Tripoli Conference of:

- A ministerial committee to follow up the implementation of the present Agreement;
- A field information mission;
- A peace and security force along their mutual frontier.

Article 8:

The two Parties agree to cooperate and to facilitate the work of these peacefacilitation mechanisms envisaged in Article 7.

Article 9:

This Peace Agreement shall enter into force immediately upon its signature.

Done in Tripoli, 08 February 2006

The Paries:

For the Republic of Sudan For the Republic of Chad

H.E. OMAR HASSAN EL BESHIR H.E. IDRISS DEBY ITNO

The Facilitation

The Current AU Chairman The High Peace Mediator

Within the CEN-SAD space

H.E. DENIS SASSOU N'GUESSO Brother MUAMMAR AL KADDAFI

President of the Republic of Congo Guide of the Revolution

The Current CEN-SAD Chairperson For the Central African Republic

H.E. BLAISE COMPAORE H.E. BOZIZE YANGOUVOUNDA

FRANCOIS

AFRICAN UNION UNION AFRICAINE

African Union Common Repository

http://archives.au.int

Organs

Peace and Security Collection

2006

The Tripoli Agreement

African Union Commission

Peace and Security

http://archives.au.int/handle/123456789/2141

Downloaded from African Union Common Repository