

ORGANIZATION OF  
AFRICAN UNITY  
SECRETARIAT  
P. O. Box 3243



ADDIS ABABA

ORGANISATION DE L'UNITE  
AFRICAIN  
SECRETARIAT  
B. P. 3243

CM/232 (Part 2)  
Attachment I

AFRICAN CONVENTION ON THE  
CONSERVATION OF NATURE  
AND NATURAL RESOURCES



AFRICAN CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF  
NATURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

C O N T E N T S

<u>Articles:</u>	<u>Page:</u>
Preamble	1
I	2
II Fundamental Principle	2
III Definitions	3
IV Soil	5
V Water	6
VI Flora	7
VII Faunal Resources	8
VIII Protected Species	10
IX Traffic in Specimens and Trophies	11
X Conservation Areas	12
XI Customary Rights	12
XII Research	12
XIII Conservation Education	13
XIV Development Plans	13
XV Organization of National Conservation Services	13
XVI Inter-State Co-operation	14
XVII Provision for Exceptions	15
XVIII Arbitration	15
XIX Signature and Ratification	15
XX Reservations	16
XXI Entry into Force	16
XXII Accession	16
XXIII Denunciation	17
XXIV Revision	17
XXV Final Provisions	18

ANNEX: List of Protected Species - Class A and Class B

AFRICAN CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF  
NATURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

PREAMBLE:

We the Heads of State and Government of Independent African States,

FULLY CONSCIOUS that soil, water, flora and faunal resources constitute a capital of vital importance to mankind;

CONFIRMING, as we accepted upon declaring our adherence to the Charter of the Organization of African Unity, that we know that it is our duty "to harness the natural and human resources of our continent for the total advancement of our peoples in spheres of human endeavour";

FULLY CONSCIOUS of the ever-growing importance of natural resources from an economic, nutritional, scientific, educational, cultural and aesthetic point of view;

CONSCIOUS of the dangers which threaten some of these irreplaceable assets;

ACCEPTING that the utilization of the natural resources must aim at satisfying the needs of man according to the carrying capacity of the environment;

DESIROUS of undertaking individual and joint action for the conservation, utilization and development of these assets by establishing and maintaining their rational utilization for the present and future welfare of mankind;

CONVINCED that one of the most appropriate means of achieving this end is to bring into force a convention;

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE I

The contracting states hereby establish an African Convention on the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources.

ARTICLE II - FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE

The Contracting States shall undertake to adopt the measures necessary to ensure conservation, utilization and development of soil, water, flora and faunal resources in accordance with scientific principles and with due regard to the best interests of the people.

ARTICLE III - DEFINITIONS

For purposes of the present Convention, the meaning of the following expressions shall be as defined below :-

- (1) 'Natural Resources' means renewable resources, that is soil, water, flora and fauna.
- (2) 'Specimen' means an individual example of a species of wild animal or wild plant or part or a wild plant.
- (3) 'Trophy' means any dead animal specimen or part thereof whether included in a manufactured or processed object or otherwise dealt with, unless it has lost its original identity; also nests, eggs and eggshells.
- (4) 'Conservation area' means any protected natural resource area, whether it be a strict natural reserve, a national park or a special reserve;
  - (a) 'strict nature reserve' means an area :
    - (i) under State control and the boundaries of which may not be altered nor any portion alienated except by the competent legislative authority,
    - (ii) throughout which any form of hunting or fishing, any undertaking connected with forestry, agriculture or mining, any grazing, any excavation or prospecting, drilling, levelling of the ground or construction, any work tending to alter the configuration of the soil or the character of the vegetation, any water pollution and, generally, any act likely to harm or disturb the fauna or flora, including introduction of zoological or botanical species, whether indigenous or imported, wild or domesticated, are strictly forbidden,
    - (iii) where it shall be forbidden to reside, enter, traverse or camp, and where it shall be forbidden to fly over at low altitude, without a special written permit from the competent authority, and in which scientific investigations (including removal of animals and plants in order to maintain an ecosystem) may only be undertaken by permission of the competent authority;

- (b) national park' means an area :-
- (i) under State control and the boundaries of which may not be altered or any portion alienated except by the competent legislative authority,
  - (ii) exclusively set aside for the propagation, protection, conservation and management of vegetation and wild animals as well as for the protection of sites, land-scapes or geological formations of particular scientific or aesthetic value, for the benefit and enjoyment of the general public,
  - (iii) in which the killing, hunting and capture of animals and the destruction or collection of plants are prohibited except for scientific and management purposes and on the condition that such measures are taken under the direction or control of the competent authority;
  - (iv) covering any aquatic environment to which any/all of the provisions of section (b) (i-iii) above are applicable.

The activities prohibited in strict nature reserve under the provisions of section (a) (i) of paragraph (4) of this article are equally prohibited in national parks except in so far as they are necessary to enable the park authorities to implement the provisions of section (ii) of this paragraph, by applying, for example, appropriate management practices, and to enable the public to visit these parks; however, sport fishing may be practiced with the authorization and under the control of the competent authority;

- (c) 'special reserve' means other protected areas such as :-
- (i) 'game reserve' which shall denote an area
    - (a) set aside for the conservation, management and propagation of wild animal life and the protection and management of its habitat,
    - (b) within which the hunting, killing or capture of fauna shall be prohibited except by or under the direction or control of the reserve authorities,
    - (c) where settlement and other human activities shall be controlled or prohibited;

- (ii) 'partial reserve' or 'sanctuary' which shall denote an area
  - (a) set aside to protect characteristic wildlife and especially bird communities, or to protect particularly threatened animal or plant species and especially those listed in the Annex to this Convention, together with the biotopes essential for their survival,
  - (b) in which all other interests and activities shall be subordinated to this end;
- (iii) 'soil' 'water' or 'forest' reserve shall denote areas set aside to protect such resources.

#### ARTICLE IV -- SOIL

The Contracting States shall take effective measures for conservation and improvement of the soil and shall in particular combat erosion and misuse of the soil. To this end :-

- (a) they shall establish land-use plans based on scientific investigations (ecological, pedological, economic, and sociological) and, in particular, classification of land-use capability;
- (b) they shall, when implementing agricultural practices and agrarian reforms,
  - (i) improve soil conservation and introduce improved farming methods, which ensure long-term productivity of the land,
  - (ii) control erosion caused by various forms of land-use which may lead to loss of vegetation cover.

ARTICLE V - WATER

(1) The Contracting States shall establish policies for conservation, utilization and development of underground and surface water, and shall endeavour to guarantee for their populations a sufficient and continuous supply of suitable water, taking appropriate measures with due regard to -

- (i) the study of water cycles and the investigation of each catchment area,
- (ii) the co-ordination and planning of water resources development projects,
- (iii) the administration and control of all water utilization, and
- (iv) prevention and control of water pollution.

(2) Where surface or underground water resources are shared by two or more of the Contracting States, the latter shall act in consultation, and if the need arises, set up inter-State Commissions to study and resolve problems arising from the joint use of these resources, and for the joint development and conservation thereof.

ARTICLE VI -- FLORA

(1) The Contracting States shall take all necessary measures for the protection of flora and to ensure its best utilization and development. To this end the Contracting States shall :-

- (a) adopt scientifically-based conservation, utilization and management plans of forests and rangeland, taking into account the social and economic needs of the States concerned, the importance of the vegetation cover for the maintenance of the water balance of an area, the productivity of soils and the habitat requirements of the fauna;
- (b) observe section (a) above by paying particular attention to controlling bush fires, forest exploitation, land clearing for cultivation, and over-grazing by domestic and wild animals;
- (c) set aside areas for forest reserves and carry out afforestation programmes where necessary;
- (d) limitation of forest grazing to season and intensities that will not prevent forest regeneration; and
- (e) establish botanical gardens to perpetuate plant species of particular interest.

(2) The Contracting States also shall undertake the conservation of plant species or communities, which are threatened and/or of special scientific or aesthetic value by ensuring that they are included in conservation areas.

ARTICLE VII - FAUNAL RESOURCES

(1) The Contracting States shall ensure conservation, wise use and development of faunal resources and their environment, within the framework of land-use planning and of economic and social development. Management shall be carried out in accordance with plans based on scientific principles, and to that end the Contracting States shall :-

- (a) manage wildlife populations inside designated areas according to the objectives of such areas and also manage exploitable wildlife populations outside such areas for an optimum sustained yield, compatible with and complementary to other land uses; and
- (b) manage aquatic environments, whether in fresh, brackish or coastal water, with a view to minimise deleterious effects of any water and land use practice which might adversely affect aquatic habitats.

(2) The Contracting States shall adopt adequate legislation on hunting, capture and fishing, under which :-

- (a) the issue of permits is properly regulated;
- (b) unauthorized methods are prohibited;
- (c) the following methods of hunting, capture and fishing are prohibited :
  - (i) any method liable to cause a mass destruction of wild animals,
  - (ii) the use of drugs, poisons, poisoned weapons or poisoned baits,
  - (iii) the use of explosives;
  - (iv) the following methods of hunting and capture are particularly prohibited :
    - (1) the use of mechanically propelled vehicles;
    - (2) the use of fire;
    - (3) the use of fire arms capable of firing more than one round at each pull of the trigger;
    - (4) hunting or capture at night;
    - (5) the use of missiles containing detonators;

- (d) the following methods of hunting or capture are as far as possible prohibited :-
- (i) the use of nets and stockades,
  - (ii) the use of concealed traps, pits, snares, set-gun traps, deadfalls, and hunting from a blind or hide;
- (e)(iii) with a view to as rational use as possible of game meat the abandonment by hunters of carcasses of animals, which represent a food resource, is prohibited.

Capture of animals with the aid of drugs or mechanically-propelled vehicles, or hunting or capture by night if carried out by, or under the control of, the competent authority shall nevertheless be exempted from the prohibitions under (c) above.

ARTICLE VIII - PROTECTED SPECIES

(1) The contracting States recognize that it is important and urgent to accord a special protection to those animal and plant species that are threatened with extinction, or which may become so, and to the habitat necessary to their survival. Where such a species is represented only in the territory of one Contracting State has a particular responsibility for its protection. These species which are, or may be listed, according to the degree of protection that shall be given to them are placed in Class A or B of the Annex to this Convention, and shall be protected by Contracting States as follows:-

- (i) species in Class A shall be totally protected throughout the entire territory of the Contracting States; the hunting, killing, capture or collection of specimens shall be permitted only on the authorization in each case of the highest competent authority and only if required in the national interest or for scientific purposes; and
- (ii) species in Class B shall be totally protected, but may be hunted, killed, captured or collected under special authorization granted by the competent authority.

(2) The competent authority of each Contracting State shall examine the necessity of applying the provisions of this article to species not listed in the annex, in order to conserve the indigenous flora and fauna of their respective countries. Such additional species shall be placed in Class A or B by the State concerned, according to its specific requirements.

ARTICLE IX TRAFFIC IN SPECIMENS AND TROPHIES

(1) In the case of animal species to which Article VIII does not apply the Contracting States shall -

- (a) regulate trade in and transport of specimens and trophies;
- (b) control the application of these regulations in such a way as to prevent trade in specimens and trophies which have been illegally captured or killed or obtained.

(2) In the case of plant and animal species to which Article VIII paragraph (1) applies, the Contracting States shall -

- (a) take all measures similar to those in paragraph (1);
- (b) make the export of such specimens and trophies subject to an authorization -

- (i) additional to that required for their capture, killing or collection by Article VIII,

- (ii) which indicates their destination,

- (iii) which shall not be given unless the specimens or trophies have been obtained legally,

- (iv) which shall be examined prior to exportation;

- (v) which shall be on a standard form, as may be arranged under Article XVI;

(c) (c) make the import and transit of such specimens and trophies subject to the presentation of the authorization required under section (b) above with due provision for the confiscation of specimens and trophies exported illegally, without prejudice to the application of other penalties.



ARTICLE X - CONSERVATION AREAS

(1) The Contracting States shall maintain and extend where appropriate, within their territory and where application in their territorial waters, the Conservation areas existing at the time of entry into force of the present convention and, preferably within the framework of land-use planning programmes, assess the necessity of establishing additional conservation areas in order to:-

- (i) protect those ecosystems which are most representative of and particularly those which are in any respect peculiar to their territories,
- (ii) ensure conservation of all species and more particularly of those listed or may be listed in the annex to this convention;

(2) The Contracting States shall establish, where necessary, around the borders of conservation areas, zones within which the competent authorities shall control activities detrimental to the protected natural resources.

ARTICLE XI - CUSTOM'RY RIGHTS

The Contracting States shall take all necessary legislative measures to reconcile customary rights with the provisions of this convention.

ARTICLE XII: RESEARCH

The Contracting States shall encourage and promote research in conservation, utilization and management of natural resources and shall pay particular attention to ecological and sociological factors.

ARTICLE XIII - CONSERVATION EDUCATION

(1) (a) The Contracting States shall ensure that their peoples appreciate their close dependence on natural resources and that they understand the need, and rules for, the rational utilization of these resources.

(b) For this purpose they shall ensure that the principles indicated in paragraph (1):-

- (i) are included in educational programmes at all levels,
- (ii) form the object of information campaigns capable of acquainting the public with, and winning it over to, the idea of conservation.

(2) In order to put into effect paragraph (1) above, the Contracting States shall make maximum use of the educational value of conservation areas.

ARTICLE XIV - DEVELOPMENT PLANS

(1) The Contracting States shall ensure that conservation and management of natural resources are treated as an integral part of national and/or regional development plans.

(2) In the formulation of all development plans, full consideration shall be given to ecological, as well as to economic and social factors.

(3) Where any development plan is likely to affect the natural resources of another State, the latter shall be consulted.

ARTICLE XV - ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL CONSERVATION SERVICES

Each Contracting State shall establish, if it has not already done so, a single agency empowered to deal with all matters covered by this Convention, but, where this is not possible a co-ordinating machinery shall be established for this purpose.

ARTICLE XVI -- INTER-STATE CO-OPERATION

- (1) The Contracting States shall co-operate -
- (a) whenever such co-operation is necessary to give effect to the provisions of this convention, and
  - (b) whenever any national measure is likely to affect the natural resources of any other State.
- (2) The Contracting States shall supply the Organization of African Unity with -
- (a) the text of laws, decrees, regulations and instructions in force in their territories, which are intended to ensure the implementation of this Convention,
  - (b) reports on the results achieved in applying the provisions of this Convention, and
  - (c) all the information necessary for the complete documentation of matters dealt with by this Convention if requested.
- (3) If so requested by Contracting States, the Organization of African Unity shall organize any meeting which may be necessary to dispose of any matters covered by this Convention. Requests for such meetings must be made by at least three of the Contracting States and be approved by two thirds of the States which it is proposed should participate in such meetings.
- (4) Any expenditure arising from this Convention, which devolves upon the Organization of African Unity shall be included in its regular budget, unless shared by the Contracting States or otherwise defrayed.

ARTICLE XVII - PROVISION FOR EXCEPTIONS

(1) The provisions of this Convention shall not affect the responsibilities of Contracting States concerning:-

- i) the paramount interest of the State;
- ii) "force majeure",
- iii) defence of human life

(2) The provisions of this Convention shall not prevent Contracting States:-

- i) in time of famine,
- ii) for the protection of public health;
- iii) in defence of property,

to enact measures contrary to the provisions of the Convention, provided their application is precisely defined in respect of aim, time and place.

ARTICLE XVIII - SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTE

Any dispute between the Contracting States relating to the interpretation or application of this Convention which cannot be settled by negotiation, shall at the request of any party be submitted to the Commission of Mediation, Conciliation and Arbitration of the Organization of African Unity.

ARTICLE XIX - SIGNATURE AND RATIFICATION

(1) This Convention shall be open for signature immediately after being approved by the Assembly of Heads of States and Government of the Organization of African Unity.

(2) This ~~Convention~~ shall be ratified by each of the Contracting States. The instruments of ratification shall be deposited with the Administrative Secretary General of the Organization of African Unity.

ARTICLE XX - RESERVATIONS

- (1) At the time of signature, ratification or accession, any State may declare its acceptance of this Convention in part only, provided that such reservation may not apply to the provisions of Articles II - XI.
- (2) Reservations made in conformity with the preceding paragraph shall be deposited together with the instruments of ratification or accession.
- (3) Any Contracting State which has formulated a reservation in conformity with the preceding paragraph may at any time withdraw it by notifying the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity.

ARTICLE XXI - ENTRY INTO FORCE

- (1) This Convention shall come into force on the thirtieth day following the date of deposit of the fourth instrument of ratification or accession with the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity, who shall inform participating States accordingly.
- (2) In the case of a State ratifying or acceding to the Convention after the depositing of the fourth instrument of ratification or accession, the Convention shall come into force on the thirtieth day after the deposit by such State of its instrument of ratification or accession.
- (3) The London Convention of 1933 or any other Convention on the conservation of flora and fauna in their natural state shall cease to have effect in States in which this Convention has come into force.

ARTICLE XXII - ACCESSION

- (1) After the date of approval specified in Article XIX paragraph (1), this Convention shall be open to accession by any independent and sovereign African State.
- (2) The instruments of accession shall be deposited with the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity.

ARTICLE XXIII - DENUNCIATION

- (1) Any Contracting State may denounce this Convention by notification in writing addressed to the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity.
- (2) Such denunciation shall take effect, for such a State, one year after the date of receipt of its notification by the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity.
- (3) No denunciation shall, however, be made before the expiry of a period of five years from the date at which for the State concerned this Convention comes into force.

ARTICLE XXIV - REVISION

- (1) After the expiry of a period of five years from the date of entry into force of this Convention, any Contracting State may at any time make a request for the revision of part or the whole of this Convention by notification in writing addressed to the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity.
- (2) In the event of such a request the appropriate organ of the Organization of African Unity shall deal with the matter in accordance with the provision of section 3 of Article XVI of this Convention.
- (3)
  - (i) At the request of one or more Contracting States and notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article, the annex to this Convention may be revised or added to by the appropriate organ of the Organization of African Unity.
  - (ii) Such revision or addition shall come into force three months after the approval by the appropriate organ of the Organization of African Unity.

ARTICLE XXV - FINAL PROVISIONS

The original of this Convention of which both the English and the French texts are authentic, shall be deposited with the Administrative Secretary General of the Organization of African Unity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF WE THE HEADS OF STATE AND  
GOVERNMENT OF INDEPENDENT AFRICAN STATES,

ASSEMBLED AT ALGIERS, ALGERIA, ON 15TH SEPTEMBER, 1968,  
HAVE SIGNED THIS CONVENTION.

LISTE DES ESPECES PROTEGEES :

CLASSE A

Mammifères

Primates

Tous les Lémuroïdés de Madagascar  
Macaque de Barbarie  
Gélada  
Cercocè e du Tana  
Cercopithèque Diane  
Colobe roux de Zanzibar  
Colobe roux de la rivière Tana  
Colobe roux d'Uhehe  
Colobe de Van Beneden  
Chimpanzé  
Chimpanzé pygmée  
Gorille

Rodentia

Ecureuils des palmiers africains

Carnivora

Chacal du Simen  
Civette d'eau  
Civette fossane  
Euplère  
Chat à pieds noirs  
Chat doré  
Guépard

Pinnipedia

Phoque moine de Méditerranée

LIST OF PROTECTED SPECIES

CLASS A

Mammals

Primates

All Malagasy lemuroids  
Barbary ape  
Gelada baboon  
Tana River mangabey  
Diana monkey  
Zanzibar red colobus  
Tana River red colobus  
Uhehe red colobus  
Green colobus  
Chimpanzee  
Pygmy chimpanzee  
Gorilla

Rodentia

African palm squirrels

Carnivora

Simenian jackal  
Water civet  
Malagasy civet  
Falanouc  
Black-footed cat  
African golden cat  
Cheetah

Pinnipedia

Mediterranean monk seal

Mammalia

Primates

Lemuroidae  
Macaca sylvana  
Theropithecus gelada  
Cercocebus galeritus galeritus  
Cercopithecus diana  
Colobus badius kirkii  
Colobus badius rufomitratu  
Colobus badius gordonorum  
Colobus verus  
Pan troglodytes  
Pan paniscus  
Gorilla gorilla

Rodentia

Epixerus spp.

Carnivora

Canis simensis  
Osbornictis piscivora  
Fossa fossa  
Eupleres spp.  
Felis nigripes  
Felis aurata  
Acinonyx jubatus

Pinnipedia

Monachus monachus

Sirenia

Dugong dugon

Trichechus senegalensis

Perissodactyla

Equus asinus

Equus zebra zebra

Ceratotherium simum

Artiodactyla

Choeropsis liberiensis

Cervus elaphus barbarus

Okapia johnstoni

Taurotragus derbianus derbianus

Cephalophus jentinki

Hippotragus niger variani

Alcelaphus buselaphus tora

Alcelaphus buselaphus swaynei

Nesotragus moschatus moschatus

Dorcotragus megalotis

Gazella dorcas neglecta

Gazella dorcas massaesyala

Gazella gazella cuvieri

Gazella leptocerus leptocerus

Gazella pelzelni

Gazella spekei

Gazella dama mhorri

Gazella dama lozanoi

Capra walie

Aves

Pelecanidae

Ciconiidae, Scopidae et Ardeidae

Phoenicopteridae

Sirenia

Dugong

Lamantin du Sénégal

Perissodactyla

Ane sauvage

Zèbre de montagne

Rhinocéros blanc ou camus

Artiodactyla

Hippopotame pygmée

Cerf de Barbarie

Okapi

Élan de Derby occidental

Céphalophe de Jentink

Hippotrague noir géant

Bubale de Tora

Bubale de Swayne

Suni de Zanzibar

Beira

Gazelle dorcas d'Algérie

Gazelle dorcas du Maroc

Gazelle de Cuvier

Gazelle à cornes grêles

Gazelle de Pelzel

Gazelle spekei

Gazelle dama du Sud marocain

Gazelle dama du Rio de Oro

Bouquetin d'Abyssinie

Oiseaux

Tous les pélicans

Tous les cigognes, ombrettes, ibis, spatules, hérons, aigrettes et blongions

Tous les flamants

Sirenia

Dugong

West African manatee

Perissodactyla

Wild ass

Cape mountain zebra

Square-lipped rhinoceros

Artiodactyla

Pygmy hippopotamus

Barbary stag

Okapi

Western giant eland

Jentink's duiker

Giant sable antelope

Tora Hartebeest

Swayne's hartebeest

Zanzibar suni

Beira antelope

Algerian dorcas gazelle

Moroccan dorcas gazelle

Cuvier's gazelle

Slender-horned gazelle

Pelzel's gazelle

Speke's gazelle

Mhorri gazelle

Rio de Oro dama gazelle

Walia ibex

Birds

All pelicans

All storks, hammerkops, ibises, spoonbills, herons, egrets and bitterns

All Flamingos

Sagittarius serpentarius  
Aegyptius, Gyps, Pseudogyps, Torgos,  
Trigonoceps, Neophron et Necrosyrtes  
Gypaëtus barbatus  
Stephanoaëtus coronatus  
Falco fasciinucha  
Agelastes meleagrides  
Afropavo congensis  
Gruidae  
Bucorvus spp.  
Picarthartes oreas  
Picarthartes gymnocephalus  
Warsanglia johannis

Reptilia

Cheloniidae, Dermochelyidae  
Testudo gigantea  
Testudo yniphora  
Testudo radiata  
Macroscincus coctei  
Gecko uroplates  
Casarea dussumieri  
Bolieria multicarinata  
Acrantophis madagascariensi  
Acrantophis dumerili

Amphibia

Bufo superciliaris  
Nectophrynoides occidentalis

Pisces

Caecobarbus, Caecomastacembelus,  
Eilichthys, Typhleotris  
Phreatichthys, Uegitglanis

Serpentaire

Tous les vautours  
 Gypaëte barbu  
 Aigle couronné  
 Faucon de Teita  
 Pintade à tête blanche  
 Paon congolais  
 Toutes les grues  
 Tous les grands calaos  
 Picartharte à cou blanc  
 Picartharte à cou gris  
 Linotte de Warsangli

Reptiles

Toutes les tortues marines  
 Tortue géante  
 Tortue à éperon de Madagascar  
 Tortue radiée  
 Macroscincus des Iles du Cap Vert  
 Gecko à queue plate  
 Boa de l'Ile plate  
 Boa de l'Ile Ronde  
 Acrantophis madagascariensi  
 Acrantophis dumerili

Amphibiens

Crapaud du Cameroun  
 Crapaud vivipare

Poissons

Poissons aveugles  
 " "  
 " "

Secretary bird

All vultures  
 Lammergeyer  
 Crowned hawk-eagle  
 Teita falcon  
 White-headed guineafowl  
 Congo peacock  
 All cranes  
 All ground hornbills  
 White-necked rockfowl  
 Grey-necked rockfowl  
 Warsangli linnet

Reptiles

All marine turtles  
 Giant tortoise  
 Angulated tortoise  
 Testudo radiata  
 Cape Verde skink  
 Leaf-tailed gecko  
 Plate Island boa  
 Ronde Island boa  
 Acrantophis madagascariensi  
 Acrantophis dumerili

Amphibians

Cameroon toad  
 Viviparous toad

Fishes

Blind fishes  
 " "  
 " "

Plantas

Welwitschia bainesii  
 Encephalartos laurentanus  
 Encephalartos septentrionalis

Plantas

Welwitschia  
 Encephalartos  
 Encephalartos

Plants

Welwitschia  
 Encephalartos  
 Encephalartos

MammaliaInsectivoraPrimates

Lorisidae

Pholidota

Manis gigantea  
Manis temminckii  
Manis tricuspis  
Manis longicaudata

CarnivoraLutrinae

Proteles cristatus  
Hyaena brunnea  
Hyaena hyaena barbara  
Felis caracal  
Felis serval  
Panthera leo  
Panthera pardus  
 Tenrecidae

CLASSE BMammifèresInsectivora

Tous les parpassa ou potamogales de la famille des Potamogalidae

Primates

Tous les prosimiens de la famille des Lorisidae

Tous les singes à l'exception des babouins

Pholidota

Pangolin géant  
 Pangolin  
 Pangolin arboricole  
 Pangolin arboricole à longue queue

Carnivora

Toutes les loutres de la sous-famille des Lutrinae

Protèle  
 Hyène brune  
 Hyène rayée berbère  
 Caracal  
 Serval  
 Lion  
 Léopard  
 Tenrecs (toutes les espèces)

CLASS BMammalsInsectivora

All otter shrews of the family Potamogalidae

Primates

All prosimians of the family Lorisidae

All monkeys except common baboons

Pholidota

Giant pangolin  
 Cape pangolin  
 Tree pangolin  
 Long-tailed tree pangolin

Carnivora

All otters of the subfamily Lutrinae

Lardwolf

Brown hyaena  
 Barbary hyaena  
 Caracal lynx  
 Serval  
 Lion  
 Leopard  
 Madagascar Tenrecs (all species) Fossa

Cryptoprocta ferox

Galidiinae

Tubulidentata

Orycteropus afer

Proboscidea

Loxodonta africana

Perissodactyla

Equus zebra hartmannae

Equus burchelli

Equus grevyi

Diceros bicornis

Hylochoerus meinertzhageni

Hippopotamus amphibius

Hyemoschus aquaticus

Giraffa camelopardalis

Tragelaphus angasi

Tragelaphus buxtoni

Tragelaphus spekei

Tragelaphus imberbis

Tragelaphus strepsiceros

Taurotragus oryx

Taurotragus derbianus

Boocercus eurycerus

Syncerus caffer

Cephalophus adersi

Cephalophus ogilbyi

Cephalophus silvicultor

Cephalophus spadix

Cephalophus zebra

Kobus ellipsiprymnus

Kobus defassa

Kobus leche

Kobus megaceros

Adenota kob

Fossa

Toutes les mangoustes de Madagascar  
de la sous-famille des Galidiinae

Tubulidentata

Oryctérope

Proboscidea

Éléphant d'Afrique

Perissodactyla

Zèbre de montagne de Hartmann

Zèbre de Burchell

Zèbre de Grévy

Rhinocéros noir

Artiodactyla

Hylochère

Hippopotame

Chevrotain aquatique

Garafe

Nyala

Nyala de montagne

Situtunga

Petit koudou

Grand koudou

Élan du Cap

Élan de Derby

Bongo

Buffle

Céphalophe roux de Zanzibar

Céphalophe d'Ogilby

Céphalophe à dos jaune

Céphalophe d'Abbott

Céphalophe zébré

Waterbuck

Cobe defassa

Lechwe

Lechwe du Nil

Cobe de Buffon

Foassa

All Malagasy mongooses of the  
subfamily Galidiinae

Tubulidentata

Aardvark

Proboscidea

Elephant

Perissodactyla

Hartmann's mountain zebra

Burchell's zebra

Grevy's zebra

Black rhinoceros

Artiodactyla

Giant forest hog

Hippopotamus

Water chevrotain

Giraffe

Nyala

Mountain nyala

Situtunga

Lesser kudu

Greater kudu

Eland

Giant eland

Bongo

Buffalo

Zanzibar duiker

Ogilby's duiker

Yellow-backed duiker

Abbott's duiker

Banded duiker

Waterbuck

Defassa waterbuck

Lechwe

Nile Lechwe

Kob

Redunca arundinum  
Redunca fulvorufula  
Redunca redunca  
Hippotragus equinus  
Hippotragus niger  
Oryx gazella  
Oryx tao  
Addax nasomaculatus  
Damaliscus lunatus  
Damaliscus korrigum  
Damaliscus dorcas dorcas  
Damaliscus dorcas phillipsi  
Damaliscus hunteri  
Alcelaphus buselaphus  
Alcelaphus lichtensteini  
Connochaetes gnou  
Connochaetes taurinus  
Oreotragus oreotragus  
Ourebia spp.  
Neotragus pygmaeus  
Neotragus batesi  
Madoqua kirki  
Aepyceros melampus  
Ammodorcas clarkei  
Litocranius walleri  
Gazella dorcas  
Gazella rufifrons  
Gazella tilonura  
Gazella dama  
Gazella soemmerringi  
Capra ibex nubiana  
Ammotragus lervia  
Oives  
Struthio camelus  
 Falconiformes et Strigiformes  
 Otididae  
 Reptilia  
 Crocodylia

Reedbuck  
 Reedbuck de montagne  
 Cobe des roseaux  
 Antilope rouanne  
 Hippotrague noir  
 Oryx gazelle<sup>e</sup>  
 Oryx de Lybie  
 Addax  
 Sassabi  
 Topi- (Damalisque)  
 Bontebok  
 Blesbok  
 Hrola ou antilope de Hunter  
 Bubale  
 Bubale de Liechtenstein  
 Gnou noir à queue blanche  
 Gnou bleu  
 Oréotrague sauteur  
 Oribis (Toutes les espèces)  
 Antilope royale ou pygméo  
 Antilope de Bates  
 Damara dik-dik  
 Impala  
 Dibatag  
 Gazelle girafe  
 Gazelle dorcas  
 Gazelle rufifrons ou Korin  
 Gazelle de Heuglin  
 Gazelle dama  
 Gazelle de Soemmering  
 Bouquetin de Nubie  
 Mouflon à manchettes  
Oiseaux  
 Autriche  
 Tous les oiseaux de proie et tous  
 les hiboux et chouettes ne se  
 trouvant pas en Classe A  
 Toutes les outardes  
Reptiles  
 Tous les crocodiles

Reedbuck  
 Mountain reedbuck  
 Bohor reedbuck  
 Roan antelope  
 Sable antelope  
 Oryx  
 Scimitar-horned oryx  
 Addax  
 Tsessebe (Sassaby)  
 Topi  
 Bontebok  
 Blesbok  
 Hunter's hartebeest  
 Hartebeest  
 Lichtenstein's hartebeest  
 Black wildebeest  
 Wildebeest  
 Klipspringer  
 Oribis (All species)  
 Royal antelope  
 Dwarf antelope  
 Damara dikdik  
 Impala  
 Dibatag  
 Gerenuk  
 Dorcas gazelle  
 Korin gazelle  
 Heuglin's gazelle  
 Dama gazelle  
 Soemmering's gazelle  
 Nubian ibex  
 Barbary sheep (Aoudad)  
Birds  
 Ostrich  
 All birds of prey and all owls not in Class A  
 All bustards  
Reptiles  
 All crocodiles

**AFRICAN UNION UNION AFRICAINE**

**African Union Common Repository**

**<http://archives.au.int>**

---

Organs

Council of Ministers & Executive Council Collection

---

1968-09

# African Convention on the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources

Organization of African Unity

Organization of African Unity

---

<https://archives.au.int/handle/123456789/7362>

*Downloaded from African Union Common Repository*